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THIS BOOK PRESENTED BY

Francis Newton Thorpe





# ARTICLES

IN ADDITION TO AND AMENDMENT OF THE

# CONSTITUTION

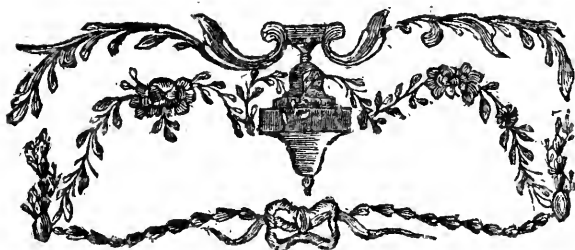
OF THE

STATE OF NEW-HAMPSHIRE,

AGREED TO BY THE CONVENTION OF SAID STATE,

AND SUBMITTED TO THE PEOPLE THEREOF FOR THEIR


APPROBATION,



PRINTED AT *EXETER*, NEW-HAMPSHIRE,

BY HENRY RANLET, AND SOLD AT HIS OFFICE IN MAINSTREET,

—1792.—



In Convention held at Concord, the second Wednesday  
of February, 1792, by adjournment—ordered,

**T**HAT the Constitution, with the articles of amendments incorporated, be printed, in order that the Constitution amended may be better understood—And the articles of amendments be also printed and sent to the several towns and unincorporated places, as soon as may be, to be laid before each town and unincorporated place, at a meeting of the inhabitants duly warned for that purpose, to be held on the FIRST MONDAY of MAY next, being the seventh day of said month; to be separately voted upon by the qualified voters present—And the Clerk of such town or place shall seal up the articles of amendments, with the number of votes written down for or against each particular article, and cause return thereof to be made to the Convention, at Concord, on the last Wednesday in May next.



notable salaries ascertained and established by standing laws.

Votes for the Amendments.

Votes against the Amendments.

*Under the head General Court.*

## VIII.

THE Senate and House shall assemble every year, on the last Wednesday of October, and at such other times as they may judge necessary; and shall dissolve and be dissolved seven days next preceeding the last Wednesday of October; and shall be stiled THE GENERAL COURT OF NEW-HAMPSHIRE.

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## IX.

No member of the General Court shall take fees, be of Council, or act as advocate, in any cause before either branch of the Legislature; and, upon due proof thereof, such member shall forfeit his seat in the Legislature.

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## X.

THE doors of the galleries of each House of the Legislature shall be kept open to all persons, who behave decently, except when the welfare of the State, in the opinion of either branch, shall require secrecy.

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*Senate.*

## XI.

THAT the several paragraphs under the head of Senate be expunged and the following be substituted in lieu thereof, viz.

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THE Senate shall consist of thirteen members, who shall hold their office for one year, from the last Wed-

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nesday of October next ensuing their election.

## XII.

AND, that the State may be equally represented in the Senate, the Legislature shall, from time to time, divide the State into thirteen districts, as nearly equal as may be without dividing towns and unincorporated places ; and in making this division they shall govern themselves by the proportion of public taxes paid by the said districts ; and timely make known to the inhabitants of the State the limits of each district.

## XIII.

THE freeholders and other inhabitants of each district, qualified as in this Constitution is provided, shall annually give in their votes for a Senator, at some meeting holden in the month of March.

## XIV.

THE Senate shall be the first branch of the Legislature ; and the Senators shall be chosen in the following manner, viz. Every male inhabitant of each town and parish, with town privileges, and places unincorporated in this state, of twenty-one years of age and upwards, excepting paupers and persons excused from paying taxes at their own request, shall have a right at the annual or other meetings of the inhabitants of said towns and parishes,



to be duly warned and holden annually forever in the month of March, to vote in the town or parish wherein he dwells for the Senator in the district whereof he is a member.

## XV.

*Provided nevertheless*—THAT no person shall be capable of being elected a Senator, who is not seized of a freehold estate, in his own right, of the value of two hundred pounds, lying within this state; who is not of the age of thirty years, and who shall not have been an inhabitant of this state for seven years immediately preceeding his election; and at the time thereof he shall be an inhabitant of the district for which he shall be chosen.

## XVI.

AND every person, qualified as the Constitution provides, shall be considered an inhabitant for the purpose of electing and being elected into any office or place within this State, in the town, parish or plantation where he dwelleth and hath his home.

## XVII.

AND the inhabitants of plantations and places unincorporated, qualified as this Constitution provides, who are or shall be required to assess taxes upon themselves towards the support of government, or shall be taxed therefor, shall have the same privilege of voting for Senators in the plantations

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Votes for  
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and places wherein they reside, as the inhabitants of the respective towns and parishes afore said have ; and the meetings of such plantations and places for that purpose shall be holden annually in the month of March at such places respectively therein, as the assessors thereof shall direct ; which assessors shall have like authority for notifying the electors, collecting and returning the votes, as the selectmen and town clerks have in their several towns by this constitution.

### XVIII.

THE meetings for the choice of Governor, Counsellors and Senators shall be warned by warrant from the selectmen, and governed by a moderator ; who shall, in the presence of the selectmen, (whose duty it shall be to attend) in open meeting, receive the votes of all the inhabitants of such towns and parishes present, and qualified to vote for Senators ; and shall in said meetings, in the presence of the said selectmen and of the town clerk in said meeting, sort and count the said votes and make a public declaration thereof, with the name of every person voted for, and the number of votes for each person. And the town clerk shall make a fair record of the same at large, in the town book, and shall make out a fair attested copy thereof, to be by him sealed up and directed to the Secretary of the

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State, with a superscription expressing the purpor thereof—And the said town clerk shall cause such attested copy to be delivered to the sheriff of the county, in which such town or parish shall lie, forty days, at least, before the last Wednesday of October, or to the Secretary of the State, at least, thirty days before the said last Wednesday of October—And the sheriff of each county, or his deputy, shall deliver all such certificates by him received into the Secretary's office, at least, thirty days before the last Wednesday of October.

Votes for  
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## XIX.

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AND, that there may be a due meeting of Senators on the last Wednesday of October annually, the Governor and a majority of the Council for the time being shall, as soon as may be, examine the returned copies of such records, and, fourteen days before the said last Wednesday of October, he shall issue his summons to such persons, as appear to be chosen Senators by a majority of votes, to attend and take their seats on that day. *Provided nevertheless*, that, for the first year the said returned copies shall be examined by the President and a majority of the council, then in office; and the said President shall, in like manner, notify the persons elected to attend and take their seats accordingly.

Votes for the Amend- ments.	Votes against the Amend'ts.
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XX.

AND, in case there shall not appear to be a Senator elected by a majority of votes, for any district, the deficiency shall be supplied in the following manner, viz. The members of the house of Representatives, and such Senators as shall be declared elected shall take the names of the two persons having the highest number of votes in the district, and out of them shall elect, by joint ballot, the Senator wanted for such district; and in this manner, all such vacancies shall be filled up in every district of the state; and in like manner all vacancies in the Senate arising by death, removal out of the State, or otherwise, shall be supplied as soon as may be after such vacancies happen.

XXI.

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THE Senate shall be final judges of the elections, returns and qualifications of their own members, as pointed out in this Constitution.

XXII.

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THE Senate shall have power to adjourn themselves, provided such adjournment do not exceed two days at a time; *Provided nevertheless*, that, whenever they shall sit on the trial of any impeachment, they may adjourn to such time and place as they may think proper, although the Legislature be not assembled on such day or at such place.

## XXIII.

THE Senate shall appoint their President and other officers, and determine their own rules of proceedings; and not less than seven members of the Senate shall make a quorum for doing business; and when less than eight Senators shall be present, the assent of five at least shall be necessary to render their acts and proceedings valid.

Votes for the Amendments.	Votes against the Amendments.
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## XXIV.

The Senate shall be a court, with full power and authority, to hear, try and determine all impeachments made by the house of Representatives, against any officer or officers of the state, for bribery, corruption, mal-practice, or mal-administration in office; with full power to issue summons or compulsory process for convening witnesses before them, with all necessary powers incident to a court of trials. But previous to the trial of any such impeachment the members of the Senate shall respectively be sworn truly and impartially to try and determine the charge in question, according to evidence—And every officer impeached for bribery, corruption, mal-practice, or mal-administration in office, shall be served with an attested copy of the impeachment and order of Senate thereon, with such citation as the

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Senate may direct, setting forth the time and place of their sitting to try the impeachment, which service shall be made by the sheriff, or such other sworn officer as the Senate may appoint, at least fourteen days previous to the time of trial; and such citation being duly served and returned, the Senate may proceed in the hearing of the impeachment, giving the person impeached, if he shall appear, full liberty of producing witnesses and proofs and of making his defence by himself and council, and may also, upon his refusing or neglecting to appear, hear the proofs in support of the impeachment, and render judgment thereon, his non-appearance notwithstanding;—and such judgment shall have the same force and effect as if the person impeached had appeared and pleaded on the trial: Their judgment, however, shall not extend further than removal from office, disqualification to hold or enjoy any place of honor, trust, or profit, under this state; but the party so convicted shall, nevertheless, be liable to indictment, trial, judgment and punishment, according to the laws of the land.—Whenever the Governor shall be impeached, the chief Justice of the supreme judicial court shall, during the trial, preside in the Senate but have no vote therein.

*Under the head House of Representatives.*

## XXV.

THAT the fifth paragraph under this head be expunged and the following added, viz.

ALL persons qualified to vote, in the elections of Senators, shall be entitled to vote within the district where they dwell, in the choice of Representatives. Every member of the house of Representatives shall be chosen by ballot, and for two years at least next preceeding his election shall have been an inhabitant of this state—shall have an estate, within the district, which he may be chosen to represent, of the value of one hundred pounds, one half of which to be a freehold, whereof he is seized in his own right; and shall be, at the time of his election, an inhabitant of the district he may be chosen to represent, and shall cease to represent such district immediately on his ceasing to be qualified as aforesaid.

## XXVI.

THAT the sixth article under said head be expunged and the following added :

THE members of both houses of the Legislature shall be compensated for their services out of the Treasury of the State by a law made for that purpose, such members attending seasonably and not departing without licence. All intermediate vacancies in

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the house of Representatives, may be filled up, from time to time in the same manner as annual elections are made.

## XXVII.

THE House of Representatives shall be judge of the returns, elections and qualifications of its members, as pointed out in this Constitution.

THAT the last paragraph under said head be expunged and the following added, viz.

## XXVIII.

THE journals of the proceedings and all public acts of both houses of the Legislature shall be printed and published immediately after every adjournment or prorogation ; and upon motion made by any one member, the *yeas* and *nays* upon any question shall be entered on the journals ; and any member of the Senate or House of Representatives shall have a right, on motion made at the time for that purpose, to have his protest or dissent, with the reasons against any vote, resolve or bill passed, entered on the journals.

*Executive Power.*

## GOVERNOR.

## XXIX.

The Governor shall be chosen annually in the month of March ; and the votes for Governor shall be received, sorted, counted, certified and returned



in the same manner as the votes for Senators ; and the Secretary shall lay the same before the Senate and House of Representatives, on the last Wednesday of October to be by them examined ; and in case of an election by a majority of votes through the State, the choice shall be by them declared and published.

XXX.

AND the qualifications of electors of the Governor shall be the same as those for Senators. And if no person shall have a majority of votes, the Senate and House of Representatives shall, by joint ballot, elect one of the two persons having the highest number of votes, who shall be declared Governor.

XXXI.

AND no person shall be eligible to this office unless, at the time of his election, he shall have been an inhabitant of this state for seven years next preceeding, and unless he shall be of the age of thirty years, and unless he shall at the same time have an estate of the value of five hundred pounds, one half of which shall consist of a freehold, in his own right, within this state.

XXXII.

IN cases of disagreement between the two houses, with regard to the time or place of adjournment or prorogation, the Governor, with advice

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of Council, shall have a right to adjourn or prorogue the General Court, not exceeding seven months, at any one time, as he may determine the public good may require, to meet at the place where the General Court shall be at that time sitting : and he shall dissolve the same seven days before the said last Wednesday of October.

## XXXIII.

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AND in case of any infectious distemper prevailing in the place where the said court, at any time, is to convene, or any other cause, whereby dangers may arise to the health or lives of the members from their attendance, the Governor may direct the session to be holden at some other the most convenient place within the state.

## XXXIV.

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EVERY bill, which shall have passed both houses of the General Court, shall, before it become a Law, be presented to the Governor ; if he approve he shall sign it,—but if not, he shall return it, with his objections, to that house, in which it shall have originated, who shall enter the objections at large on their journal and proceed to reconsider it. If, after such reconsideration, two thirds of that house shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent, together with such objections, to the other House, by which it shall likewise

be reconsidered ; and if approved by two thirds of that house it shall become a law : But in all such cases the votes of both houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, and the names of the persons voting for or against the bill, shall be entered on the journal of each house respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by the Governor within five days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law, in like manner as if he had signed it, unless the Legislature, by their adjournment, prevent its return, in which case it shall not be a law.

XXXV.

EVERY resolve shall be presented to the Governor, and before the same shall take effect, shall be approved by him; or being disapproved by him shall be repassed by the Senate and House of Representatives, according to the rules and limitations prescribed in the case of a bill.

XXXVI.

ALL judicial officers, the Attorney General, Solicitors, all Sheriffs, Coroners, Registers of Probate, and all officers of the navy, and general and field officers of the militia, shall be nominated and appointed by the Governor and Council ; and every such nomination shall be made at least three days prior to such appointment ;

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and no appointments shall take place unless a majority of the Council agree thereto. The Governor and Council shall have a negative on each other, both in the nominations and appointments. Every nomination and appointment shall be signed by the Governor or Council, and every negative shall be also signed by the Governor or Council, who made the same.

## XXXVII.

21 THE Captains and Subalterns, in the respective regiments, shall be nominated by the field officers, and if approved by the Governor, shall be appointed by him.

## XXXVIII.

21 WHENEVER the chair of the Governor shall become vacant, by reason of his death, absence from the state, or otherwise, the President of the Senate shall, during such vacancy, have and exercise all the powers and authorities which, by this Constitution, the Governor is vested with when personally present; but when the President of the Senate shall exercise the office of Governor, he shall not hold his office in the Senate.

## XXXIX.

21 THE several paragraphs under the head *President* in the Constitution shall be altered by expunging the word *President* and inserting the word *Governor* in lieu thereof.

## XL.

AND the second, third, fourth, fifth, ninth, sixteenth and last paragraph under the head President in the Constitution shall be expunged and be considered as no longer in force.

*Council.*

## XLI.

THE several paragraphs under the head Council in the Constitution shall be expunged, and the following substituted in lieu thereof.

THERE shall be, annually, elected, by ballot, five Counsellors for advising the Governor in the Executive part of government. The freeholders and other inhabitants, in each county, qualified to vote for Senators, shall, some time in the month of March, give in their votes for one Counsellor, which votes shall be received, sorted, counted, certified and returned to the Secretary's office, in the same manner as the votes for Senators, to be by the Secretary laid before the Senate and House of Representatives, on the last Wednesday of October.

## XLII.

AND the person having a majority of votes in any county shall be considered as duly elected a Counsellor—But if no person shall have a majority of votes in any county, the Senate and House of Representatives shall take the names of the two persons who have

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the highest number of votes in each county, and not elected, and out of those two shall elect, by joint ballot, the Counsellor wanted for such county.

### XLIII.

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*Provided nevertheless*—THAT no person shall be capable of being elected a Counsellor, who has not an estate of the value of five hundred pounds within this state, three hundred pounds of which (or more) shall be a freehold in his own right, and who is not thirty years of age, and who shall not have been an inhabitant of this state for seven years immediately preceeding his election, and at the time of his election an inhabitant of the county in which he is elected.

### XLIV.

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THE Secretary shall, annually, seventeen days before the last Wednesday of October, give notice of the choice of the persons elected.

### XLV.

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If any person shall be elected Governor or member of either branch of the Legislature, and shall accept the trust, or if any person elected a Counsellor shall refuse to accept the office, or in case of the death, resignation or removal of any Counsellor out of the state, the Governor may issue a precept for the election of a new Counsellor, in that county where such vacancy

shall happen, and the choice shall be in the same manner as before directed. And the Governor shall have full power and authority to convene the Council from time to time at his discretion, and with them, or the majority of them, may and shall, from time to time, hold a Council for ordering and directing the affairs of the state, according to the laws of the land.

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## XLVI.

THE members of the Council may be impeached by the House and tried by the Senate, for bribery, corruption, mal-practice, or mal-administration.

THE resolutions and advice of the Council shall be recorded, by the Secretary, in a register, and signed by all the members present agreeing thereto, and this record may be called for at any time, by either house of the Legislature; and any member of the Council may enter his opinion contrary to the resolutions of the majority, with the reasons for such opinion.

## XLVII.

THE Legislature may, if the public good shall hereafter require it, divide the state into five districts, as nearly equal as may be, governing themselves by the number of rateable polls and proportion of public taxes—Each district to elect a Counsellor; and in case of such division the manner of the

Votes for the Amend- ments.	Votes. against the Amend'ts.
	choice shall be conformable to the present mode of election in counties.
	XLVIII.
21	AND whereas the elections appoin- ted to be made by this Constitution, on the last Wednesday of October, annually, by the two houses of the Legislature, may not be completed on that day, the said elections may be ad- journed from day to day until the same shall be compleated. And the order of the elections shall be as follows— The vacancies in the Senate, if any, shall be first filled up—the Governor shall then be elected, provided there shall be no choice of him by the peo- ple, and afterwards the two houses shall proceed to fill up the vacancy; if any, in the Council.
	<i>Under the head Secretary, &amp;c.</i>
	XLIX.
21	THE Secretary of the State shall, at all times, have a deputy to be by him appointed, for whose conduct in office he shall be responsible; and in case of the death, removal, or inability of the Secretary, his deputy shall ex- ercise all the duties of the office of Se- cretary of this state, until another shall be appointed.
	L.
21	THE Secretary, before he enters up- on the business of his office, shall give bond, with sufficient sureties, in a rea- sonable sum, for the use of the state



for the punctual performance of his trust.

Votes for the Amend- ments.	Votes against the Amend'ts

*County Treasurer, &c.*

LI.

THAT the paragraph under this head in the Constitution be expunged and the following substituted in lieu thereof.

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THE County Treasurer and Register of Deeds shall be elected by the inhabitants of the several towns in the several counties, in the state, according to the method now practiced, and the laws of the state ; *Provided nevertheless*, the Legislature shall have authority to alter the manner of certifying the votes and the mode of electing those officers, but not so as to deprive the people of the right they now have of electing them.

LII.

AND the Legislature, on the application of the major part of the inhabitants of any county, shall have authority to divide the same into two districts for registering deeds, if to them it shall appear necessary—Each district to elect a register of deeds.

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LIII.

THE County Treasurer and Register of Deeds, before they enter upon the bu-

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finels of their offices, shall be respectively sworn faithfully to discharge the duties thereof ; and shall severally give bond, with sufficient surities, in a reasonable sum, for the use of the county or district, for the punctual performance of their respective trusts.

*Judiciary Power.*

LIV.

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It shall be the duty of the General Court to make a reform in the judiciary system, that justice may be administered in a more cheap and expeditious manner than is now practiced ; and that no party shall have a review after the cause has been determined against him twice by jury.

LV.

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THE General Court are hereby empowered to make alterations in the power and jurisdiction of the Courts of Common pleas and General Sessions of the peace respectively, or, if they shall judge it necessary for the public good, to abolish those courts, or either of them, and invest such other courts, as they may establish, with the jurisdiction and powers now vested in the courts of Common pleas, and courts of General Sessions of the peace ; as the General Court may, from time to time,

judge expedient for the due administration of law and justice.

Votes for the Amend ments.	Votes against the Amend'ts.
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## LVI.

AND it shall be the duty of the General Court to vest in such court or courts of law, as to them may appear expedient, the power of granting new trials, or a trial after judgment, either upon verdict of a jury, default, nonsuit or complaint for affirmation of judgment, in all cases where substantial justice has not been done (except as before excepted) in such manner and under such restrictions and regulations as to the General Court may appear for the public good; provided application be made for such review or trial within one year from the rendition of judgment.

## LVII.

For the more effectually preserving the proper separation of the three great powers of government, agreeably to the 37th article in the Bill of Rights, the power of hearing and deciding in causes of equity shall be vested either in some judicial court or courts, or in some court to be established specially for that purpose—provided no power shall be granted to any such courts, incompatible with the Bill of Rights and Constitution. And the powers of said courts shall be li-

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mitted and defined by express laws. And no suit in equity shall be sustained where clear and adequate remedy may be had at law.

LVIII.

21 THE General Court are impowered to give to Justices of the peace jurisdiction in civil causes, where the damages demanded shall not exceed four pounds, and title of real estate is not concerned ; but with right of appeal to either party to some other court, so that a trial by Jury, in the last resort, may be had.

LIX.

No person shall hold the office of Judge of any court, or Judge of Probate, or Sheriff of any county, after he has attained the age of seventy years.

## LX.

No Judge of any court, or Justice of the peace shall act as attorney, or be of counsel to any party, or originate any civil suit in matters which shall come, or be brought before him, as Judge or Justice of the peace.

## LXI.

ALL matters relating to the probate of wills, and granting letters of administration shall be exercised by

the Judges of Probate, in such manner as the Legislature have directed, or may hereafter direct. And the Judges of Probate shall hold their courts at such place or places, on such fixed days, as the conveniency of the people may require, and the Legislature from time to time appoint.

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## LXII.

No Judge or Register of Probate shall be of counsel, act as advocate, or receive any fees as advocate or counsel, in any probate business, which is pending, or may be brought into any court of Probate, in the county of which he is Judge or Register.

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## LXIII.

THAT the paragraph under the head Clerks of courts, in the Constitution be expunged and the following substituted, viz.

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## LXIV.

THE Judges of the courts (those of probate excepted) shall appoint their respective clerks, to hold their office during pleasure; and no such clerk shall act as an attorney, or be of counsel in any cause in the court of which he is clerk, nor shall he draw any writ originating a civil action.

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## LXV.

THAT the paragraph in the Constitution under the head Delegates to Congress, be expunged.

## LXVI.

THE Oath of allegiance in the Constitution shall be expunged, and the following substituted in lieu thereof, viz.

I *A B* do solemnly swear that I will bear faith and true allegiance to the State of New-Hampshire, and will support the constitution thereof.—*So help me God.*

## LXVII.

ANY person having taken and subscribed the oath of allegiance, shall not be obliged to take said oath again.

## LXVIII.

AND the oaths or affirmations shall be taken and subscribed by the Governor, before the President of the Senate; in presence of both houses of the Legislature, and by the Senators and Representative, first elected under this Constitution, as amended and altered, before the President of the State and a majority of the Council then in office—and forever afterwards before the Governor and Council for the time being, and by all other officers before such persons, and in such manner as

the Legislature shall from time to time appoint.

## LXIX.

THAT the fifteenth paragraph in the Constitution, under the head oaths and subscriptions &c. be expunged and the following substituted in lieu thereof, viz,

## LXX.

No person holding the office of Judge of any court (except special Judges) Secretary, Treasurer of the state, Attorney General, Commissary General, Military Officers receiving pay from the continent or this state, excepting officers of the militia occasionally called forth on an emergency, Register of deeds, Sheriff, or Officer of the Customs, including Naval Officers, Collectors of Excise, and State and Continental taxes hereafter appointed and not having settled their accounts with the respective officers, with whom it is their duty to settle such accounts, Members of Congress, or any person holding an office under the United States, shall, at the same time, hold the office of Governor, or have a seat in the Senate, or House of Representatives, or Council; but his being chosen and appointed to and accepting the same shall operate as a resignation of his seat in the chair of the Senate, or House of Representatives, or Council; and the place so vacated shall

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Votes for the Amend- ments.	Votes against the Amend'ts.
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be filled up. No member of the Council shall have a seat in the Senate or House of Representatives.

## LXXI.

To the end that there may be no failure of justice, or danger to the state by the alterations and amendments made in the Constitution, the General Court is hereby fully authorized and directed to fix the time, when the amendments and alterations shall take effect, and make the necessary arrangements accordingly.

That the last paragraph in the Constitution be expunged and the following substituted in lieu thereof, viz.

## LXXII.

It shall be the duty of the Selectmen and Assessors of the several towns and places in this state, in warning the first annual meeting, for the choice of Senators, after the expiration of seven years from the adoption of this Constitution as amended, to insert expressly in the warrant this purpose, among the others, for the meeting, to wit, to take the sense of the qualified voters on the subject of a revision of the Constitution : And the meeting being warned accordingly, and not otherwise, the moderator shall take the sense of the qualified voters present, as to the necessity of a revision, and a return



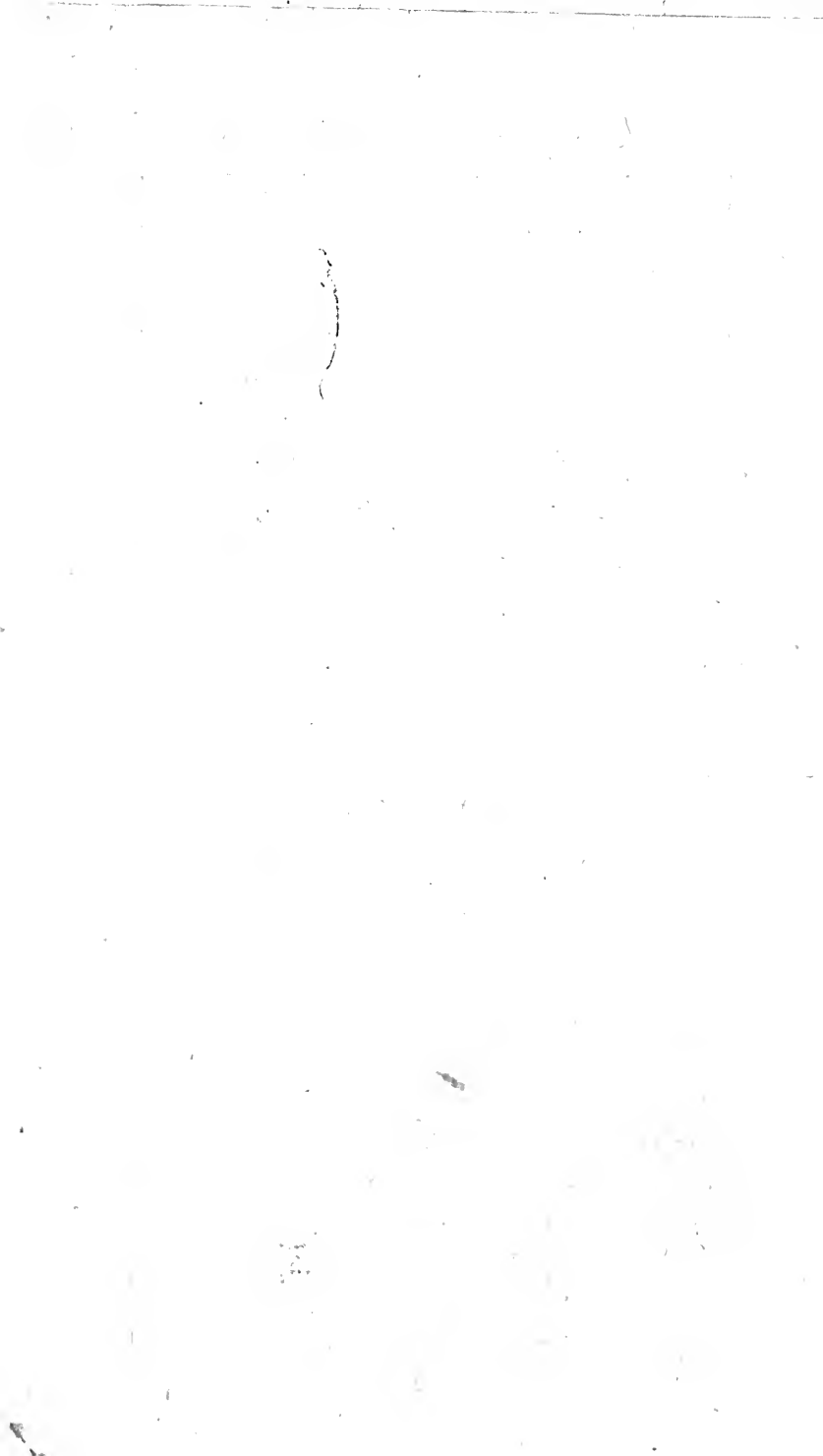
of the number of votes for and against such necessity, shall be made by the clerk, sealed up and directed to the General Court, at their then next session ; and if it shall appear to the General Court, by such returns, that the sense of the people of the state has been taken, and that, in the opinion of the majority of the qualified voters in the state present, and voting at said meetings, there is a necessity for a revision of the Constitution, it shall be the duty of the General Court, to call a Convention for that purpose ; otherwise, the General Court shall direct the sense of the people to be taken, and then proceed in the manner before mentioned. The delegates to be chosen in the same manner and proportioned as the representatives to the General Court—Provided that no alterations shall be made in this Constitution, before the same shall be laid before the towns and unincorporated places, and approved by two thirds of the qualified voters present, and voting on the subject. And the same method of taking the sense of the people, as to the revision of the Constitution, and calling a convention for that purpose, shall be observed afterwards at the expiration of every seven years.

JOHN PICKERING,

[ *President*, P. T.

Attest : JOHN CALFE, *Secretary*.

Votes for the Amend- ments.	Votes against the Amend'ts



*In CONVENTION, February 24th, 1792.*

**V**OTED, that the articles of amendment be numbered, and also printed with two blank columns on each page with the amendments, and at the top of one column, be printed the words "Votes for the Amendments"--- and at the top of the other column "Votes against the Amendments"--- That the returns be made by writing down, against each particular amendment, the number of votes for the article or against the article, as the case may be; and that there be printed at the end of the articles a Certificate in the following words, viz.

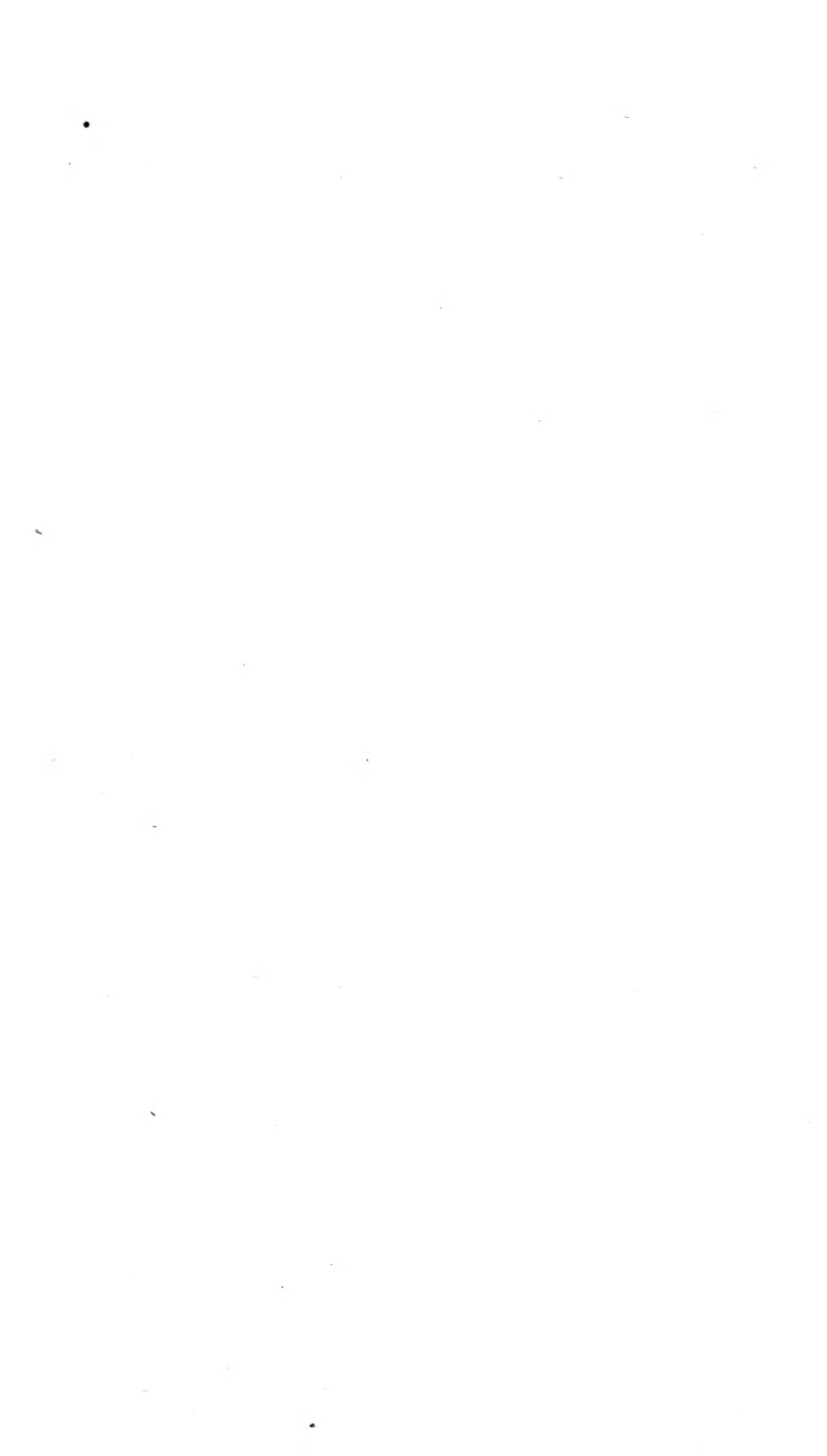
I *Andrew Mack* Town Clerk of  
*Londonderry* do hereby certify and attest that  
the number of votes for and against each article of amendment, as set down in each column against each particular article, is just and true, as voted and taken in town meeting, duly warned for that purpose and held in the town of  
*Londonderry* in the county of *Rockingham*  
this *Seventh* day of May, Anno Domini  
1792.

*Andrew Mack* Town Clerk.

A TRUE COPY.

Attest: JOHN CALFE, *Secretary.*

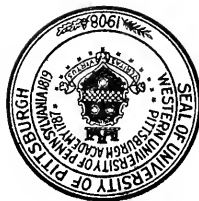






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